

Formation rate of LB-1 like systems through dynamical interactions

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Innovative Area Gravitational Wave Physics and Astronomy: Genesis
The Third Annual Area Symposium
Konan University, Kobe, Japan, 11th Feb. 2020

Binary evolution and star cluster in A03 group

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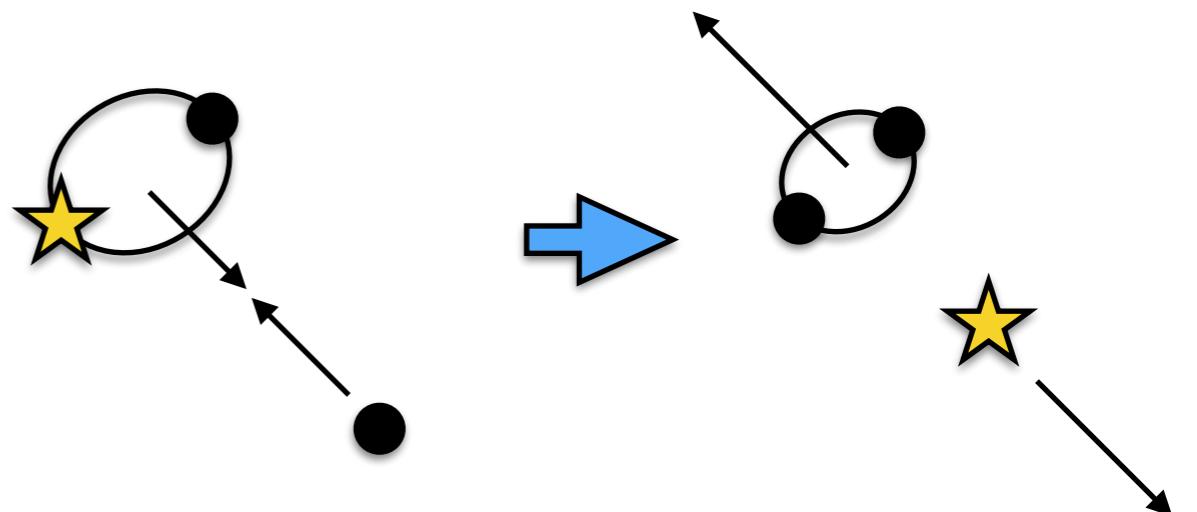
- BH-BH formation in open clusters (Kumamoto et al. 2018; 2020; Kumamoto's poster 8) Open cluster
- Formation of LB-1 (Tanikawa et al. 2019) Open cluster
- Stellar evolution tracks (Tanikawa et al. 2019)
Binary evolution and star cluster

Open clusters

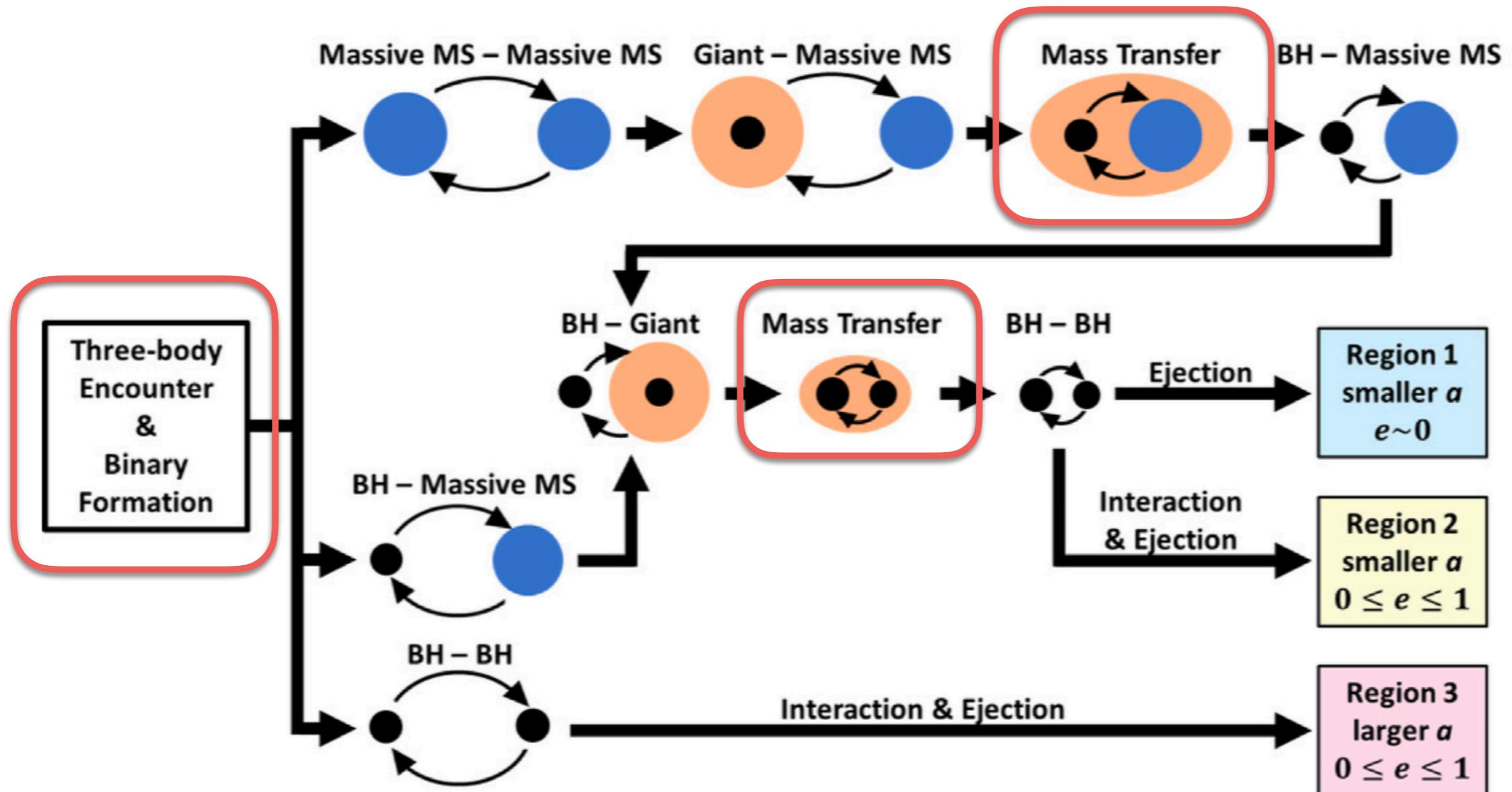
- Dense stellar clusters
 - $M_{\text{oc}} \sim 10 - 10^4 M_{\odot}$
 - $\rho_{\text{oc}} \sim 1 - 10^4 M_{\odot} \text{pc}^{-3}$
 - $\rho_{\text{disk,solar}} \sim 0.1 M_{\odot} \text{pc}^{-3}$



Pleiades (© NASA, ESA, AURA/Caltech Palomar Observatory)



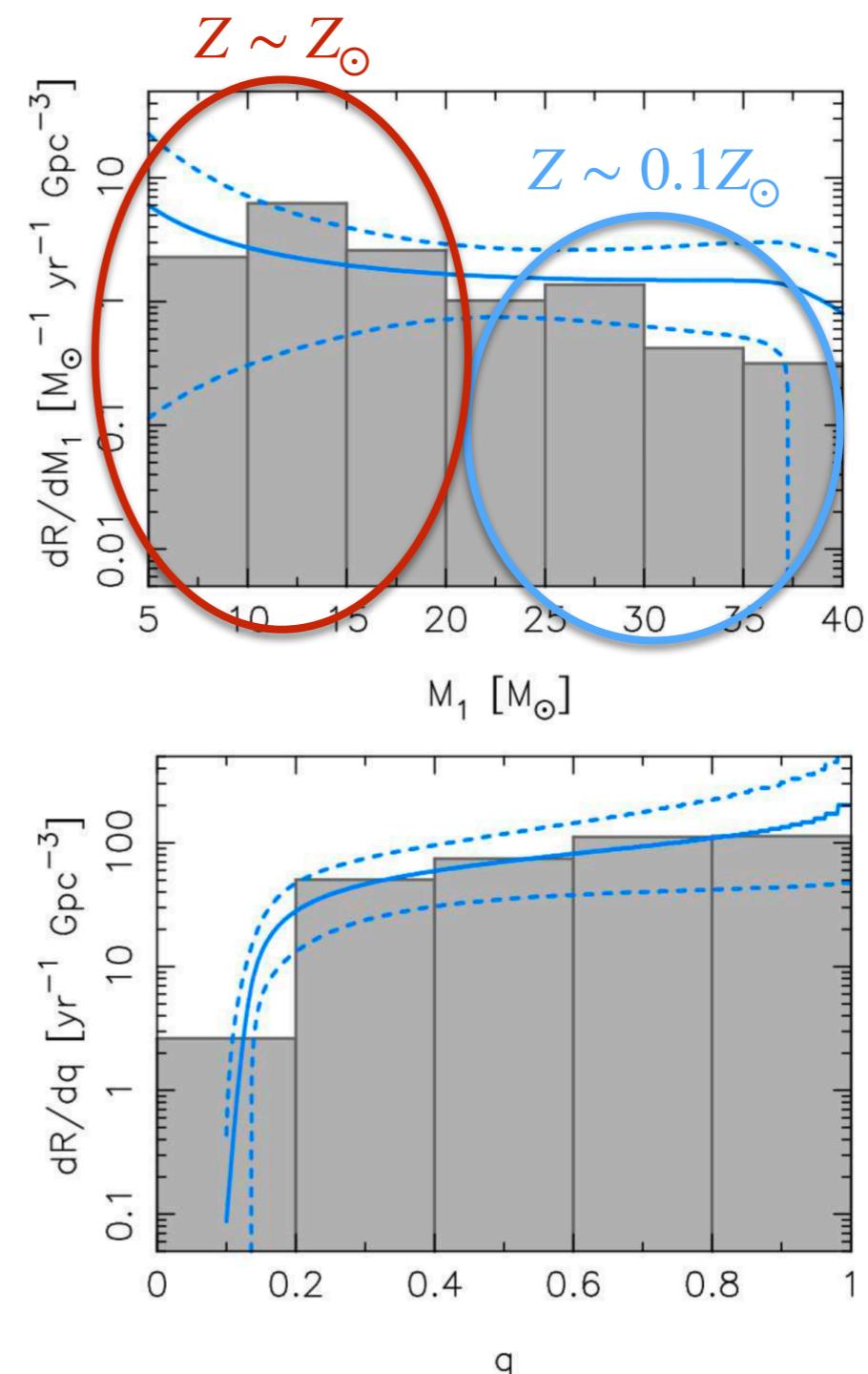
BH-BH formation



Kumamoto et al. (2018, MNRAS, 486, 3942),
(see also Di Carlo, Giacobbo, Mapelli et al. 2019, MNRAS, 487, 2947)

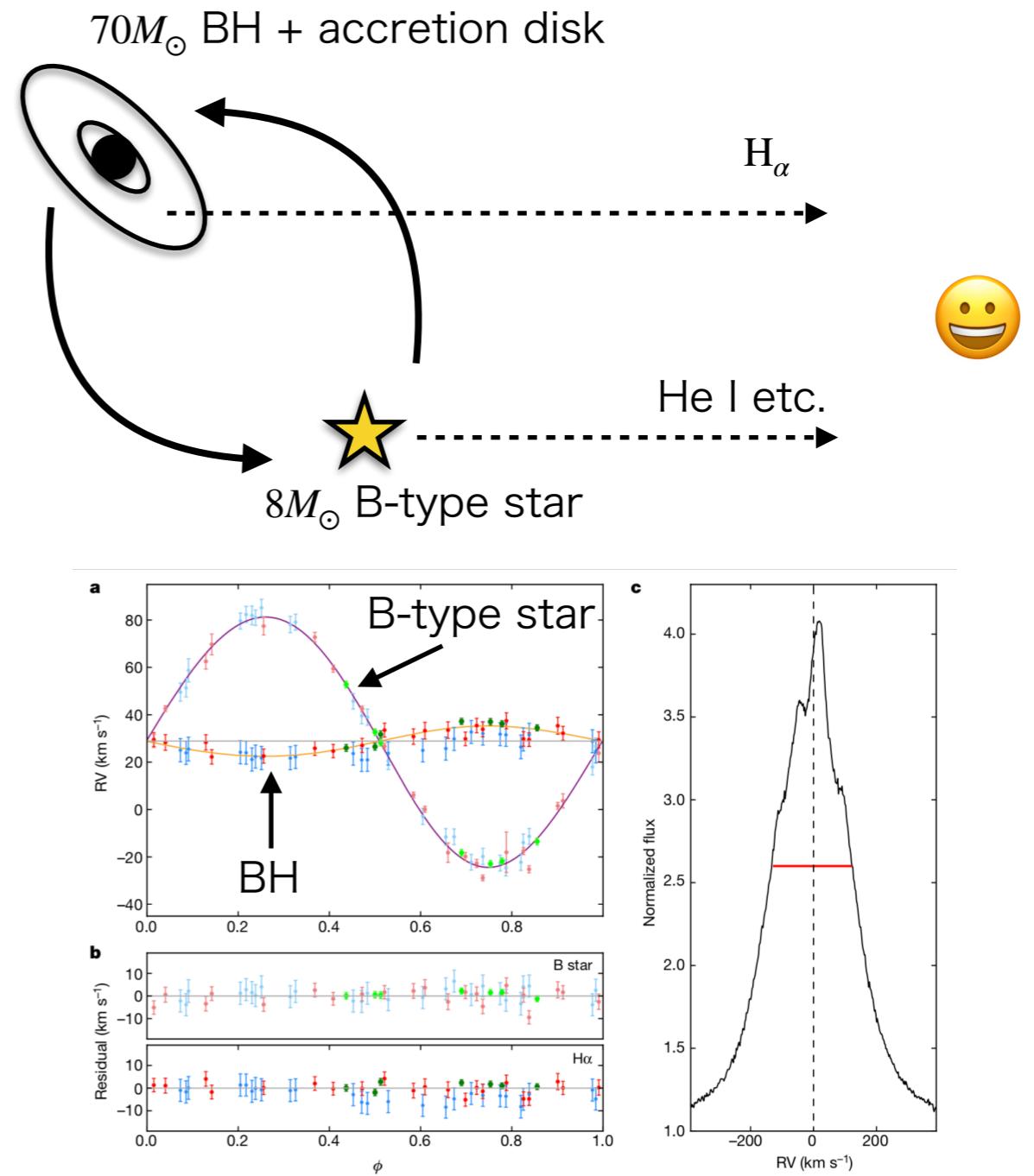
Mass distribution

- The M_1 and q distributions are consistent with LIGO/Virgo observations.
- $Z \sim Z_\odot$ stars contribute to low-mass mergers ($M_1 \sim 10M_\odot$) .
- High-mass mergers ($M_1 \sim 30M_\odot$) come from $Z \sim 0.1Z_\odot$ stars formed at the present day.



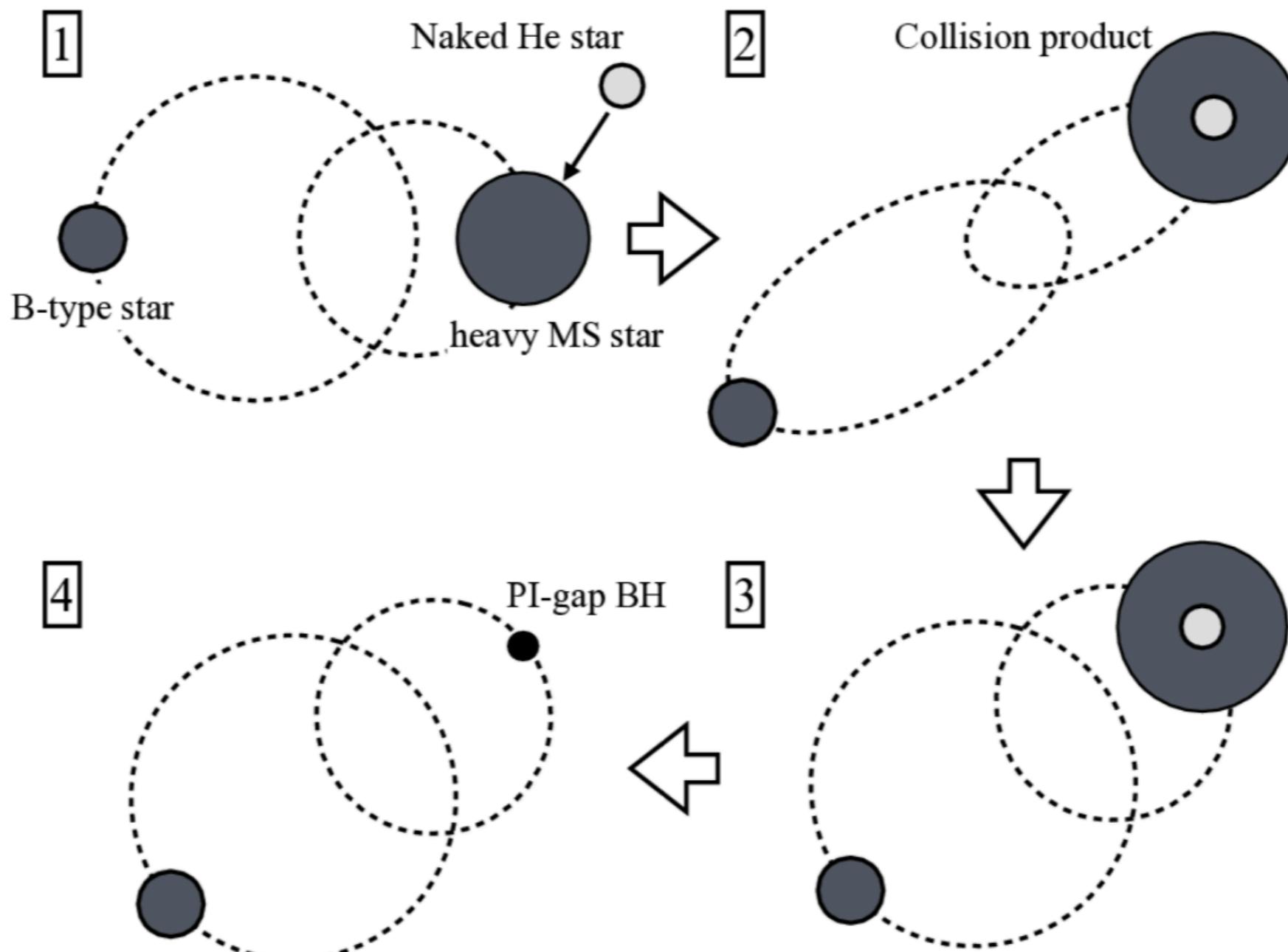
LB-1 system

- $8M_{\odot}$ B-type star - $70M_{\odot}$ BH
- $a \sim 1$ au, $e \sim 0.03$, $Z \sim Z_{\odot}$
- But, many studies have raised doubts on the presence (e.g. Eldridge et al. 2019; Abdul-Masih et al. 2019; Safarzadeh et al. 2019; El-Badry, Quataert 2020; Irrgang et al. 2020).



Liu et al. (2019)

Formation scenario



Formation rate

- Formation rate:

$$N_{\text{LB1}} \sim 0.1 \left(\frac{\dot{N}_{\text{coll}}}{3 \times 10^{-8} \text{yr}^{-1}} \right) \left(\frac{P_{\text{surv}}}{0.1} \right) \left(\frac{T_B}{40 \text{Myr}} \right)$$

- Collision rate:

$$\dot{N}_{\text{coll}} = N_{\text{PIgap}} \frac{\Gamma_{\text{nHe}}}{\Gamma_{\text{eHe}}} \sim 3 \times 10^{-8} [\text{yr}^{-1}]$$

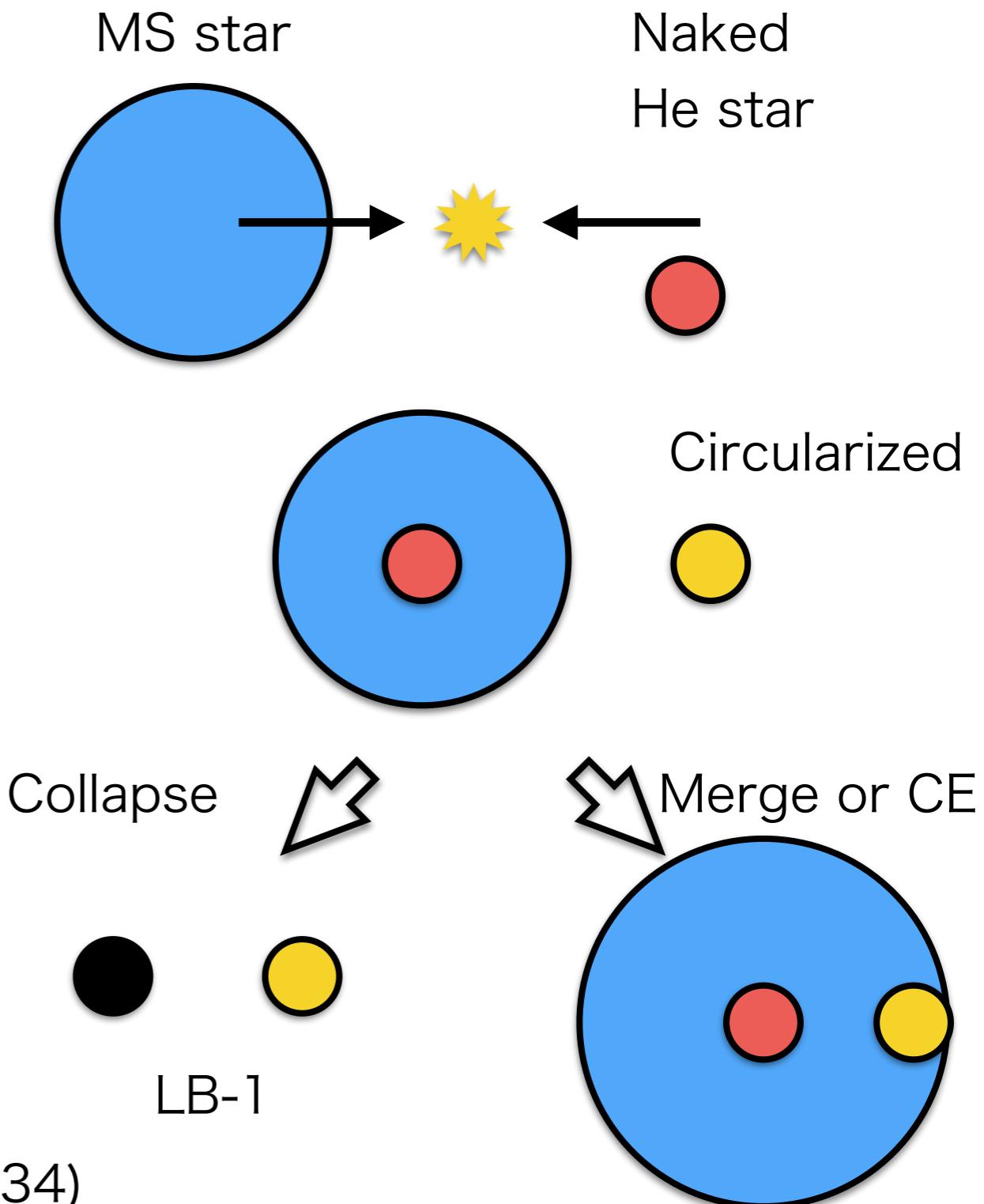
- $\dot{N}_{\text{PIgap}} \sim 2 \times 10^{-6} \left(\frac{f_{\text{PIgap}}}{0.002} \right) \left(\frac{\rho_{\text{oc}}}{10^4 M_{\odot} \text{pc}^{-3}} \right) \left(\frac{\eta_{20}}{0.003 M_{\odot}^{-1}} \right) \left(\frac{f_{\text{oc}}}{0.2} \right) \left(\frac{\dot{M}_{\text{mw}}}{2 M_{\odot} \text{yr}^{-1}} \right) [\text{yr}]$

- $\frac{\Gamma_{\text{nHe}}}{\Gamma_{\text{eHe}}} \sim 10^{-2} \left(\frac{N_{1,\text{nHe}}/N_{1,\text{eHe}}}{2} \right) \left(\frac{M_{12,\text{nHe}}/M_{12,\text{eHe}}}{2} \right) \left(\frac{R_{12,\text{nHe}}/R_{12,\text{eHe}}}{0.01} \right)$

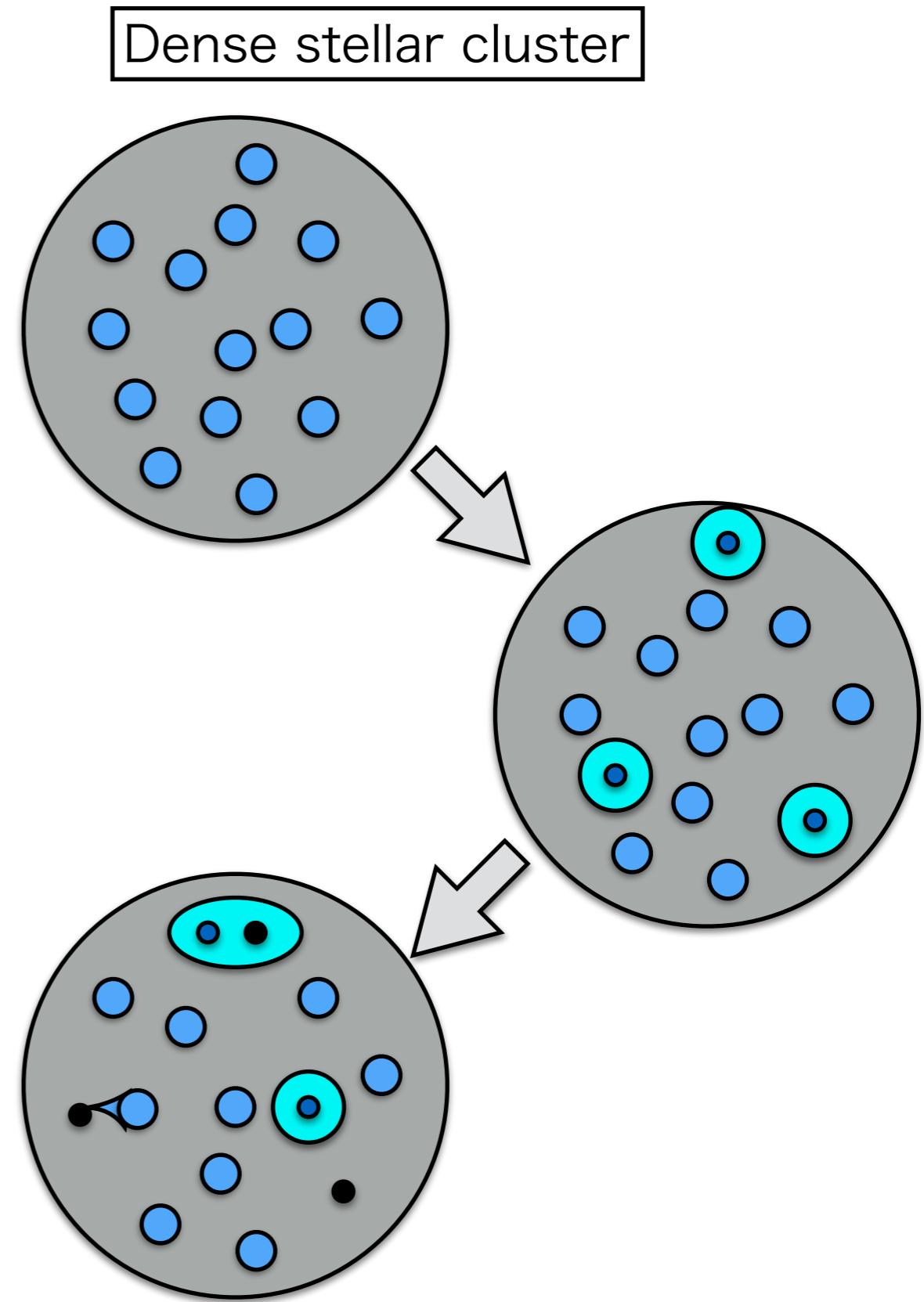
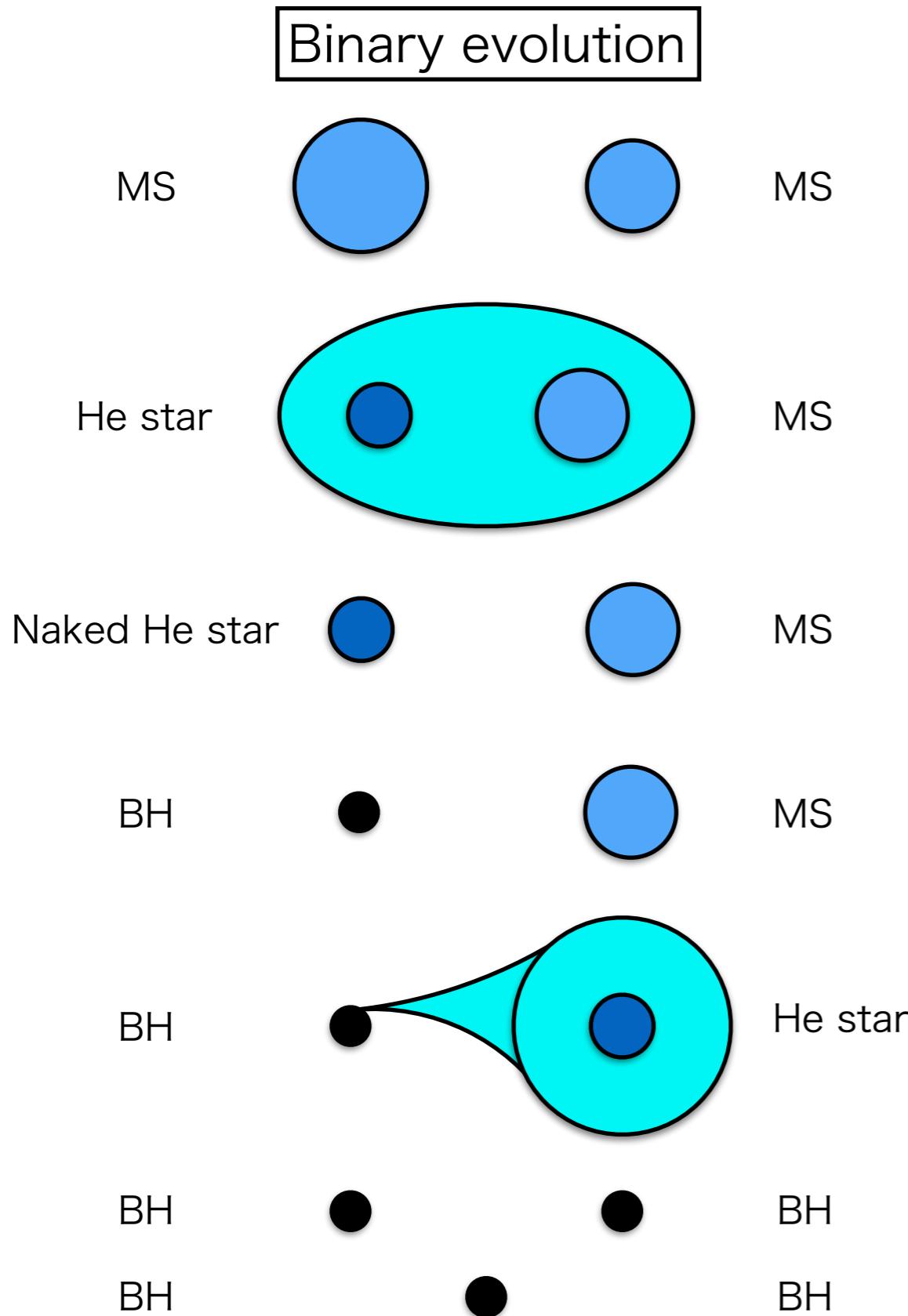
- Surviving rate:

$$P_{\text{surv}} = t_{\text{KH}}/t_{\text{coll,life,max}} \sim 0.1 \left(\frac{t_{\text{coll,life,max}}}{0.2 \text{Myr}} \right)^{-1}$$

- $t_{\text{KH}} \sim 2 \times 10^4 \left(\frac{M_{\text{coll}}}{70 M_{\odot}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{R_{\text{coll}}}{100 R_{\odot}} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{L_{\text{coll}}}{10^5 L_{\odot}} \right)^{-1} [\text{yr}]$

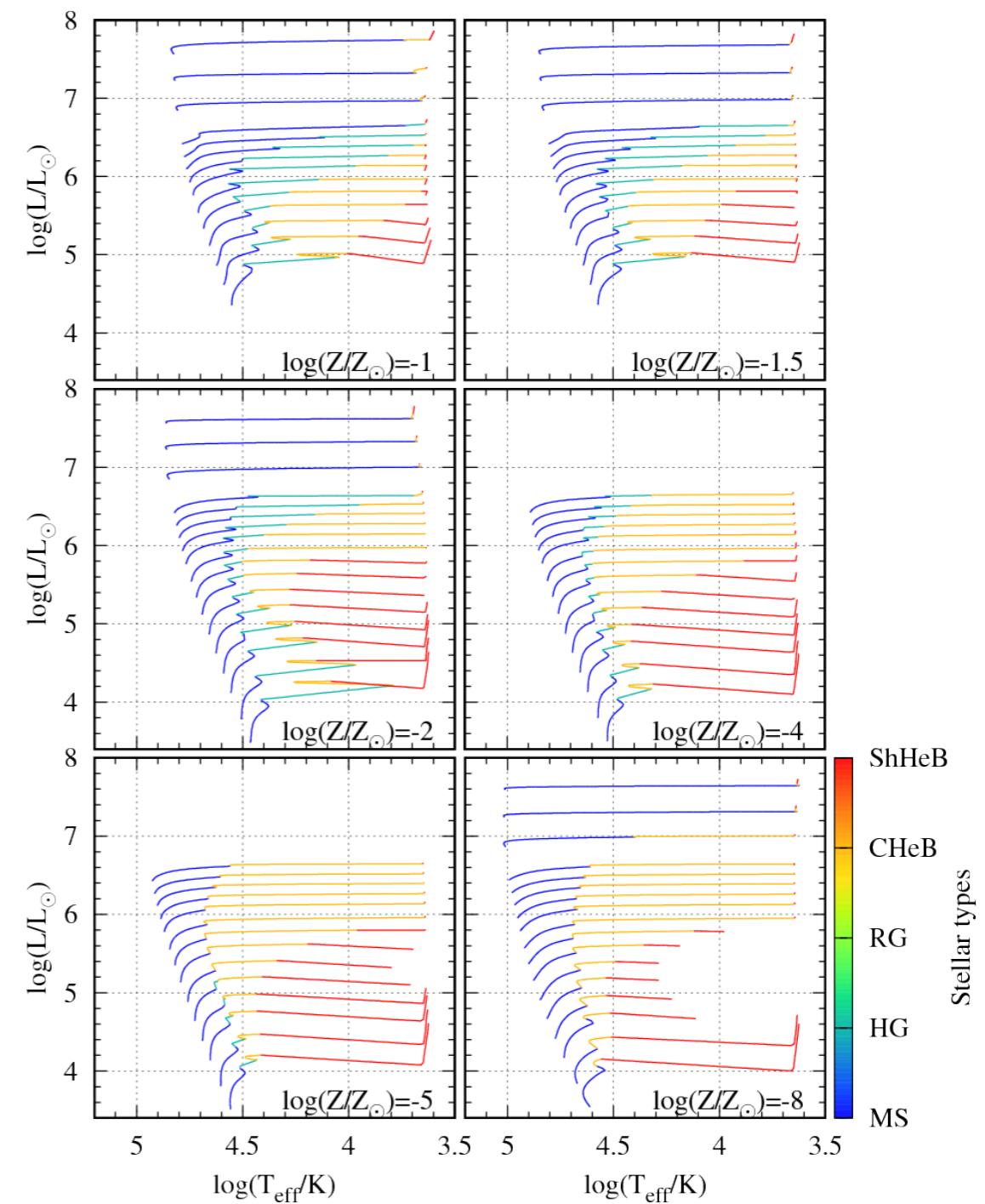


Stellar evolution track



Fitting formulae

- Fitting formulae
 - Based on the Bonn model
 - Coupled with SSE, BSE, and NBODY
- Support for
 - Extreme metal poor stars down to $\log(Z/Z_{\odot}) = -8$
 - Massive stars up to $M \sim 1300M_{\odot}$
- To be open sources within this year



Summary

- Open clusters are one of promising formation sites of merging BH-BHs (Kumamoto et al. 2019, MNRAS, 486, 3942; 2020, arXiv:2001.10690)
- The LB-1 system cannot be formed in open clusters (Tanikawa et al. 2019, arXiv:1912.04509).
- Evolution tracks for massive or EMP stars will be soon available on SSE, BSE, and NBODY codes (Tanikawa et al. 2019, arXiv:1906.06641).